## PKI Technical Working Group

### **Directory Issues**

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## Agenda

- Implications of Wide-Spread Use
- Namespace Integration Requirements
- The Politics of Data Ownership
- Q & A

## Implications of Wide-Spread Use

## There's a vast range of Uses

- Identity and Relationship Modeling
- Address Books, Certificate Servers
- Network Registry and Name Services
- Configuration of Services and Devices
- Policy and Access Controls for Applications and Services

#### Each with their own Preferences

- Protocols and APIs
- Data access patterns
- Namespace shapes and sizes
- Schema and Data Integrity
- Control and Delegation

#### **Innovation Drives Differentiation**

- There'll Never be just one
  - Top level domains
    - DNS, X.500, LDAP, Bi-lateral agreements
  - Protocols (DNS, LDAP, X.500, ...)
  - Administrative Authorities
    - Global, Enterprise, Departmental, Consumers, Application Data Owners
  - Trust models



## So, Wide Spread Use Means...

- Flexibility will be paramount
  - Configuration and Deployment choices
  - Expect Heterogeneous Namespaces
  - Design Homogeneity out of existence

# Namespace Integration Requirements



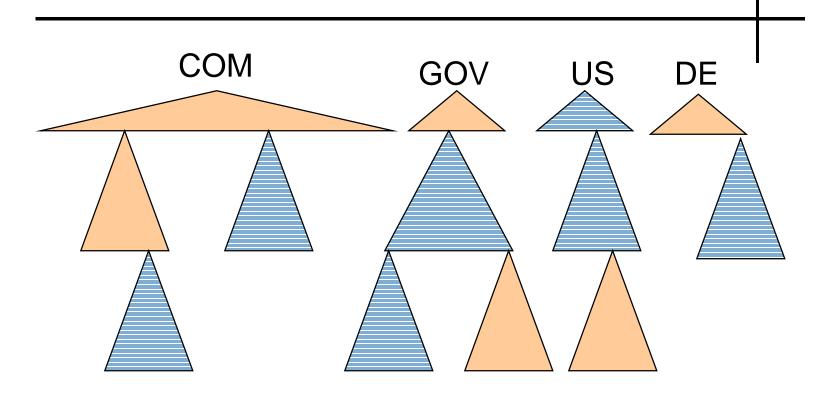
## LDAP Apps Must Be Distributed Apps

- LDAPv3 clients are imperative
  - referral chasing is a short term solution
- LDAP chaining (ala DSP) is also imperative
  - For stupid (sorry, LDAPv2) clients
  - For fire-walled services
  - To traverse foreign namespaces

#### And further more...

- LDAP namespace federation via DNS is imperative
  - Server-based resolve-name facilitates
  - Trust achieved via authentication, not name subordination
  - DNSSEC required for widespread use
  - Never-mind the organizational vs geographical naming battles!

## Namespace Federation





**DNS Namespaces** 

Naming is a political issue, not a technical one



LDAP & X.500 Namespaces

## Heterogeneous Namespaces Are Nothing New

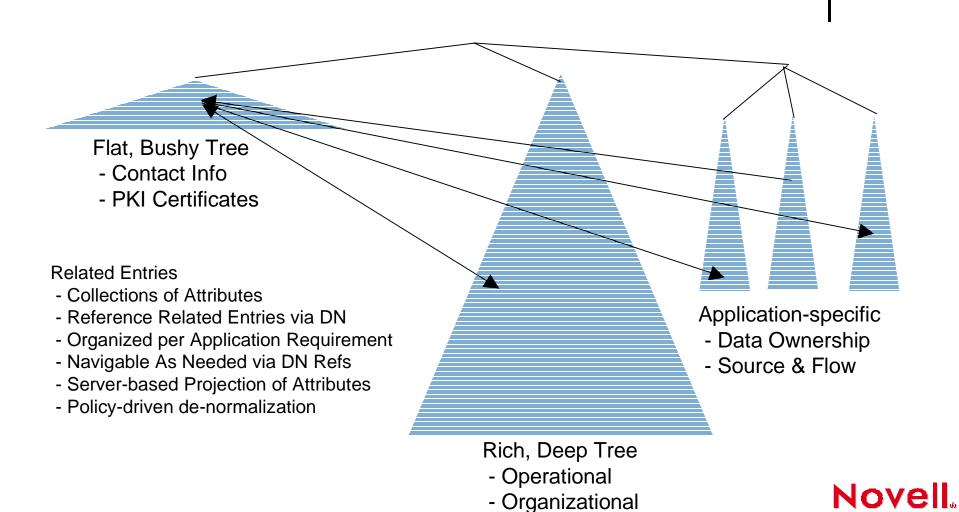
- Client-side Federation via APIs
  - XFN, JDSI, even ADSI!
  - Clients parse names, handle multiple protocols
- Server-side Resolve Name (Chaining)
  - Use Available Distributed Knowledge
    - Use SOA, NS, A, PTR for DNS
    - Subordinate References for X.500 & NDS
    - LDUP Subentries and LDAP Knowledge Referrals
  - Return Referrals as appropriate

## The Politics of Data Ownership

## The Politics of Data Ownership

- No Single Hierarchy Is Sufficient
- Application-Specific Policies
  - Access Control, Inheritance
  - Data Ownership
  - Direction of Change Notification
- Data Access Patterns
  - Search
  - Lookup
  - Browse

### Entries Related Via Policy, Data De-normalized As Needed



## Key Messages

- No singly indexed database application has ever been generally useful - and the directory isn't the first
- Single entries and their ACLs don't make it easy to allow data owners to own their data
- Server-based, policy constrained, selective de-normalization of attributes among related entries is required

## Directory Interoperability Forum

News Flash 7 July 1999



## Directory Interoperability Forum

- IBM, Novell, Lotus, Oracle, DCL, Isocor + 30 ISV supporters
- Close ties with The Open Group
  - Directory Certification Program
  - Application Certification Program
- Web Site: http://www.directoryforum.org

Q & A